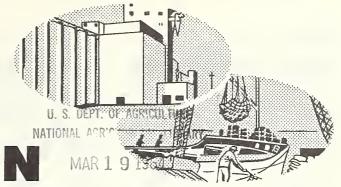
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# RICE SITUATION



CURRENT SERIAL RECORDS

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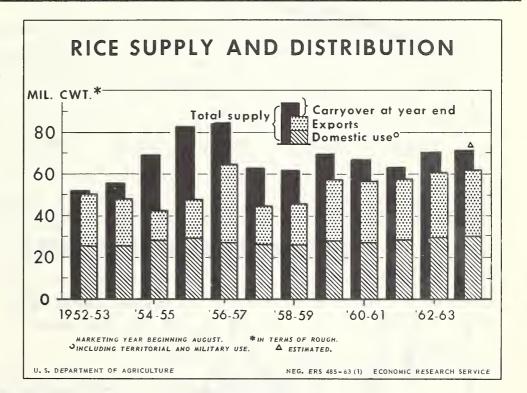
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The U.S. rice supply for 1962-63 is estimated at 70.1 million cwt., rough rice equivalent, 8 percent above a year ago but about the same as the 1956-60 average.

Exports are estimated at 32.0 million cwt., about 10 percent above those in 1961-62. Domestic disappearance is estimated at 29.1 million cwt., nearly a million cwt. above that of last year.

The carryover at the end of the 1962-63 marketing year may total about 9.0 million cwt., up substantially from the low level of 5.3 million cwt. on August 1, 1962.

The supply and disappearance of rice in 1963-64, based on present indications, are likely to be little changed from that estimated for 1962-63.



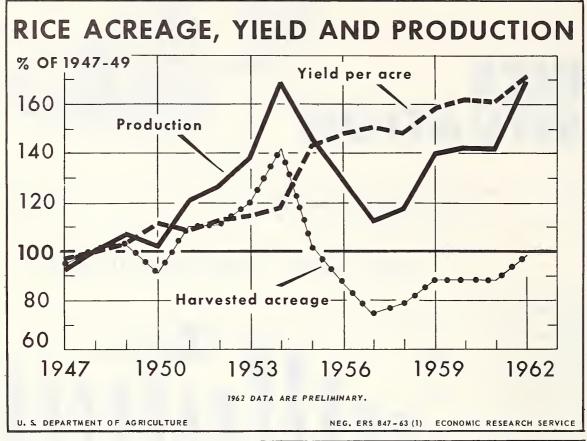
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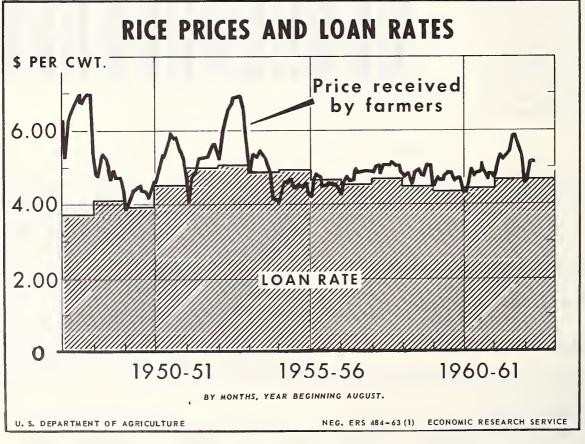
Analysis of Current Rice Situation

U.S. Rice Outlook for 1963

International Rice Trade Outlook

Published annually by ECONOMIC RESEARCH SERVICE · UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE





### THE RICE SITUATION

Approved by the Outlook and Situation Board, January 21, 1963

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#### SUMMARY

The U.S. rice supply for the marketing year which began August 1, 1962 is estimated at 70.1 million cwt., rough rice equivalent. This large supply results from a record 1962 crop which more than offsets a small beginning carryover. Domestic disappearance is expected to rise slightly in 1962-63 reflecting increased food use of rice. Exports are expected to increase considerably, rising by as much as 10 percent over those of 1961-62. The carryover on August 1, 1963, may total about 9.0 million cwt., up substantially from the low level of 5.3 million at the beginning of the 1962-63 marketing year.

The 1962-63 season average price to farmers is currently estimated at \$5.02 per cwt., slightly below the price received in 1961-62 but still 31 cents per cwt. above the support rate.

Producers approved rice-marketing quotas for 1963, and the acreage allotment in effect is about 10 percent above the statutory minimum as in 1962. The same support rate which was in effect for both the 1961 and 1962 crops-\$\frac{1}{4}.71 per cwt.--will continue for 1963-crop rice. The crop of 61.8 million cwt. anticipated from this increased acreage in 1963 would be sufficient to meet projected domestic and export requirements in 1963-64, while maintaining year-end stocks at about the 9.0-million-cwt. level which is estimated for August 1, 1963.

World trade in rice during calendar 1962 declined from the level of a year earlier due to reduced world supplies. In 1963, it is expected to rise to the 1961 level or even higher.

World rice prices increased sharply during the first 4 months of 1962 but began to weaken after the peak level was reached in May. In January 1963, they are about equal to those of a year earlier.

#### THE DOMESTIC RICE SITUATION

#### Stocks Declined During 1961-62

The carryover of old-crop rice on August 1, 1962 at 5.3 million cwt., rough rice equivalent, was only about half the 10.1 million on hand a year earlier (table 1). It was the smallest beginning carryover in 9 years.

Continued heavy exports, with a large proportion under Government-financed programs, were primarily responsible for the cut in stocks. Rice exports of 29.2 million cwt. in 1961-62 were only slightly below a year earlier but substantially below the record 37.5 million exported in 1956-57. Domestic food use of rice increased somewhat in 1961-62 from the level of recent years, although not significantly.

### Supply and Disappearance Increase in 1962-63

The supply of rice in the United States in 1962-63 is estimated at 70.1 million cwt., rough rice equivalent, 8 percent above the supply a year ago but about the same as the 1956-60 average. The larger supply this year results from the record 1962 crop of 64.5 mil. cwt. which more than offsets the small beginning stocks. Imports in 1962-63 are estimated at 0.3 mil. cwt.

Domestic disappearance in 1962-63 is estimated at 29.1 mil. cwt., nearly a million cwt. above that of last year. Food use, estimated at 21.5 million cwt., is up slightly from the 21.1 million in 1961-62, reflecting population growth. Brewer's use of about 5.0 million cwt. and combined seed and feed use of 2.6 million are both only slightly changed from a year earlier. Exports in 1962-63 are estimated at 32.0 million cwt., about 10 percent above those in 1961-62. However, a continuation of the dock strike could have an adverse effect on exports. On the basis of these estimates, the carryover August 1, 1963, may total about 9.0 million cwt., up substantially from the 5.3 million cwt. on August 1, 1962, but below those of most other recent years.

Supply and distribution, United States, 1937-63 1/21 .-Rice, rough equivalent: Table

	•• ••	- Ending	1 : stocks	00 1,000 cwt.	7,147	. س			35 1,828				70 2,505					Cu								5 9,000
1			ss : Total	1,000	26,110										36,919			,					57,233			62,05
			Exports:	000,1 cwt.	4 4		5 5,051 1 6,552								24,058			(	18,668	3	18,			_	32.000	33,000
	Disappearance		id Total	1,000 cwt.	21,346	8,00	21,13	80,866	22,33	19,615	20,165	22,04	22,09	23,44	24,159	25,149	25,31	27,976	29,100	27,000	26,295	26, 10	28,000	021, 120	1,00	29,025
	Disa	Domestic	y Feed and seed	1,000 cwt.	1,724		1,723								7,034 2,653			3,683							75,00	2,525
		Doi	Industry 6/	1,000	3,578		2,744									`±					4,789			4, 500 8 m	ال ال	رس
			Food 5/	0 1,000 cwt.	7 16,044							늰			20,275 7 16,756				5 19,080							5 21,500
			10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	1,000 cwt.	29,257				30,213						43,430											71,025
	Supply		= : 3/ : 3/	1,000 cwt.	1,311					127	•		53	C	707 542				194	_				7	250	
	Ω	Farm		1,000 cwt.	24,044					30,736					30,040								53,669			
	•• ••	ng: Begin-	•• •• ••	1,000 : cwt.	3,712	742,4	2,956	: 567	32,32	1,558	: 1,255	5965	342	2,505	3,409	0,00,2 :	: 1,515	: 7,546	: 26,700	34,618	: 20,103	301,81 :		14,14	5,320	9,000
		Year : beginning:	August		1937	1939	1947	1942	1943	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949 070 c	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	ال ال	1961	1963 9/

minor States--Missouri, South Carolina, North Carolina, Arizona, Florida, Illinois, Tennessee and Oklahoma.

3) Consists mostly of broken rice. 4/ Adjusted to equal total distribution. 5/ Includes shipments to territories and military food use. 6/ Primarily for beer production. 7/ Less than 500 hundredweight. 8/ Pre-Ilminary. 9/ Tentative estimates.

### 1962 Rice Production and Yields Set Record

Production in 1962, at 64.5 million cwt. (rough rice), was 19 percent above a year earlier and 26 percent above the 1951-60 average. It was slightly above the previous record of 64.2 million cwt. produced in 1954. The large crop was the result of increased acreage and record yields in most of the important rice-producing States. Planted acreage of 1.8 million acres was 10 percent larger than a year earlier, reflecting the increase in rice acreage allotments for 1962.

The average yield of 3,652 pounds per harvested acre was a record and 230 pounds above the previous high in 1960. Only in Mississippi was the yield less than the previous record. Compared with a year earlier, the U. S. yield was up by 242 pounds per acre. It was 746 pounds, or 26 percent, above the 10-year average.

### Prices in 1962-63 Again to Average Above Support

The 1962-63 average price received by farmers, including an allowance for unredeemed loans and purchase agreements, is currently estimated at \$5.02 per cwt., 31 cents above the announced support of \$4.71 (table 2). The support level is unchanged from 1961-62 when the average price received by farmers was \$5.14, or 43 cents above support. The principal factors underlying the strength in rice prices in both of these years are heavy exports and extensive use of the price support program. The narrowing of the spread between the price received and the support level this year, compared with 1961-62, is primarily due to the large 1962 crop--a slight depressing factor.

During the first 5 months of the current marketing year, the price received by farmers for rice has averaged \$4.96 per cwt., 12 cents below the same period a year earlier.

Through December 31, farmers placed a total of 5.0 million cwt. of 1962-crop rice under support compared with only 4.0 million from the 1961 crop by that date a year earlier. Of the 5.0 million cwt. under support, 3.2 million were warehouse-stored and 1.7 million were farm-stored loans. Purchase agreements accounted for only 73,553 cwt. Farmers had repaid loans on 545,132 cwt. by December 31, compared to 378,265 cwt. a year earlier.

Farmers made relatively little use of the price support program in 1961-62, putting only about 6.4 million cwt., or 12 percent, of their 1961 crop under support. This was only half as much as the amount put under support from the 1960 crop.

CCC owned only 0.3 million cwt., rough rice equivalent, of the total August 1, 1962, carryover of 5.3 million cwt.

Table 2.- Rice, rough equivalent: Price support operations and price analysis items, United States, 1940-63

V	Unc	der price supp	ort	:	Stocks owned by	: Under loan	: Support	: Season average : price per cwt.
Year beginning August	Loans	Purchase agreements	Total	Delivered : to CCC :	GCC at year-end (July 31)	: at : year-end : (July 31)	rate per cwt.	received by farmers 1/
	: 1,000 : cwt.	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.	Dol.	Dol.
	:	CWU.	CWO.	- CWO.	CW U.	CWOS		
1940	:							1.80
1941	:						2.04	3.01
1942	:						2.33	3.61
1943	:						$\frac{2}{2}$	3.96
1944	:						2/	3.93
1945	:						2.82	3.98
1946	:						<u>2/</u> 3•76	5.00
1947		2 545	2 72 0	611	11		4.08	5•9 <b>7</b> 4•88
1948	: 153	3 <b>,</b> 565	3,718 8,147	3,043	459	1 218	3 <b>.</b> 96	4.10
1949	: 1,865 : 217	6 <b>,</b> 282 575	792	26	375	17	4.56	5.09
1950 1951	: 4,008	1,843	5 <b>,</b> 851	5 <b>1</b> 8	226	1	5.00	4.82
1952	: 209		209	710	1	6	5.04	5.87
1953	: 1,808	2,666	4,474	3,170	914	283	4.84	5.19
1954	: 17,552	12,923	30,475	25,141	15,692	2,589	4.92	4.57
1955	: 15,557	10,703	26,260	23,475	26,941	312	4.66	4.81
1956	: 13,304	10,423	23,727	16,771	12,497	48	4.57\	4.86
1957	: 6,977	6 <b>,</b> 590	13,567	11,007	11,996	9	4.72	5.11
1958	: 8,306	3 <b>,</b> 280	11,586	6 <b>,</b> 575	9,396	34	4.48	4.68
1959	9,369	2,935	12,304	7,034	6,879	3	4.38	4.59
1960	7,825	5,280	13,105	4,882	4,118	<u>3</u> / 8	4.42/	4.55
1961	: 4,292	2,081	6,373	33	320		4.71	5.14
1962 4/	<u>5</u> /4,899	<u>5</u> / 74	<u>5</u> / 4,973				4.71	5.02
1963 4/	:						4.71	

<sup>1/</sup>U. S. season average prices are the result of weighting State season averages, including allowances for unredeemed loans at the average rate, by estimated marketings. 2/Price support mandatory at 90 percent of parity but since prices were so far above support levels, support rates were not announced. 3/For example, there were 8,000 cwt. of 1960-crop rice under loan on July 31, 1961. 4/Preliminary. 5/Through December 31, 1962.

Table 3.- Rice, rough equivalent: Deliveries to CCC by varieties, 1957-61 crops  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

	:					Crop of-				
Variety	:-		:		:		-:		:	
	:	1957	:	1958	:	1959	:	1960	:	1961
	:		:		:		:		:	
	:	1,000		1,000		1,000		1,000		1,000
	:	cwt.		cwt.		cwt.		cwt.		cwt.
luebonnet	:	5,274		3,816		2,498		1,671		29
Belle Patna	:									1/
Blue Rose	:			6		36		3		_=_
alrose	:					723		482		
entury Patna	:	1,626		1,484		1,125		82		2
lagnolia	:	1		7		23				
atna	:	648		223		127		1		
earl	:	2,518		388		51		2 <b>,</b> 585		2
lexoro	:	148		64		14				
Menith	:	6		62		106		3		
?oro	:	370		68		10				
lato	:			146		2,295		28		
thers	:	22		4		19				<u>1</u> /
Total	:	10,613		6,268		7,027		4,855		34

<sup>1/</sup> Figures from Operating Reports which differ from Fiscal data shown in table above. 2/ Less than 1,000 cwt. Grain Division, Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service.

#### DOMESTIC RICE OUTLOOK FOR 1963-64

## 1963 Rice Marketing Quota Referendum

In the referendum held on January 11, producers approved rice marketing quotas for 1963 by a 87.9 percent vote, according to preliminary returns. This is substantially more than the required two-thirds vote of the producers voting. Producers approved quotas by a 94.2 percent favorable vote for the 1962 crop. Rice marketing quotas have been in effect every year since 1955.

Marketing quotas were proclaimed December 13, 1962. The law requires quotas to be proclaimed for the coming crop (in this case 1963), whenever the total supply for the preceding year (1962-63) exceeds the normal supply. The total supply of rice for the 1962-63 marketing year quota determination is 104.3 percent of the computed normal supply or 4.3 points above the marketing quota level. 1/

### Increased Acreage Allotment to Continue

The 1963 national acreage allotment of 1,818,166 acres, announced on December 13, is essentially the same as the 1962 national acreage allotment. This is 10 percent more than the statutory minimum of 1,652,596 acres. The minimum allotment was in effect for the 1956 through 1961 crops of rice. In announcing the rice allotment for 1963, the Secretary of Agriculture stated, "Continued unsettled world conditions, particularly in some of the major deficit rice-producing areas, prompt the need to maintain the production of rice at the 1962 level in order to assure rice supplies to meet export needs".

Assuming a harvested acreage of 1,765,000 acres, a crop of about 61.8 million cwt. would be produced in 1963 if yields are near the 1960-62 average of about 35.00 cwt. per harvested acre. With a crop of this size added to the estimated August 1, 1963 carryover of 9.0 million cwt. and estimated imports of 0.3 million cwt., the total supply would be about 71 million cwt. (table 1).

Domestic disappearance in 1963-64 is estimated at 29.0 million cwt., about the same as that estimated for the current year. Exports in 1963-64 are projected at about 33.0 million cwt., slightly above the 32.0 million cwt. currently estimated for 1962-63. On the basis of these estimates, the carryover of rice on August 1, 1964 may be about the same as the 9.0 million cwt. currently projected for August 1, 1963.

<sup>1/</sup> For the marketing quota determination, the total supply of rice was estimated at 69,229,000 cwt., consisting of a 1962 crop of 63,650,000 cwt. (November 1962 Crop Report), a carryover on Aug. 1, 1962, of 5,329,000 cwt., and imports of 250,000 cwt. The normal supply was estimated at 66,344,000 cwt., based on domestic consumption of 28,313,000 cwt. in the 1961-62 marketing year and the 1962-63 estimated exports of 32,000,000 cwt., with an allowance for carryover of 6,031,000 cwt., which is 10 percent of the consumption and export total.

### 1963-crop Support Price Same as 2 Previous Crops

The advance national average minimum support price for 1963-crop rice was announced at \$4.71 per cwt., the same as for the 1961 and 1962 crops. The 1963 support price reflects 75 percent of the December 1, 1962, parity price of \$6.26 per cwt.

The Agricultural Act of 1958 specified that for 1962 and subsequent crops the minimum support level would be 65 percent of parity while the maximum would be 90 percent. The final support price for 1963-crop rice will not be less than \$4.71. However, if 65 percent of the parity price at the beginning of the marketing year (August 1, 1963) is greater than \$4.71, the support rate will be increased.

### WORLD RICE SITUATION AND OUTLOOK $\underline{1}/$

# Record World Rice Crop Forecast for 1962-63

World rice production, excluding the Communist countries of Asia--Mainland China, North Vietnam, and North Korea--and the U.S.S.R., in the year beginning August 1962, is forecast at a record 153.2 million metric tons of rough rice compared with 150.4 million in 1961-62.

World production has increased 22 million tons or 17 percent from the average of the 5 years ended 1959-60. This increase was due principally to higher yields although there was also a rise in acreage. Yields were up 10 percent from the average and acreage was up 6 percent.

World acreage in 1962-63, at 214 million acres, is a record and 2 million above the previous record a year ago. The average yield, at 1,577 pounds, is also a record, up 14 pounds from a year earlier and 13 pounds from the previous record in 1960-61.

Production increases are in prospect for all continents, with the principal gains in Asia, Africa, and North America. In addition to increased acreage and higher yield, larger crops are due to improved methods of production and generally good weather in many of the countries. A strong demand for rice in world markets early in 1962, with rising prices, probably was an important factor in increased plantings.

Estimated production in exporting countries is up an average of 5 percent with moderate increases in most countries. Production doubled in Egypt from the unusually small crop of last year because of sharply increased acreage and higher yields. The United States had the second largest increase in

<sup>1/</sup> The World Trade Situation and Outlook was prepared by Dexter V. Rivenburgh, Rice Marketing Specialist, Foreign Agricultural Service. World Rice Production adapted from "Foreign Crops and Markets", World Summaries, Nov. 29, 1962.

production, 19 percent over 1961. Harvested acreage increased 11 percent with record yields per acre. The combined production in Burma, Cambodia, Thailand, and Vietnam--Asia's principal rice exporters--increased moderately by 1 million tons (rough rice).

Production in the 3 surplus countries of Western Europe is slightly larger than in 1961-62, with small increases in Italy and Spain offsetting a slight decline in France.

East Europe withdrew acreage from rice in favor of other crops. Hungary's acreage and production declined in 1962-63 and, therefore, they will have no rice to export.

Australia's rice outlook is for another record harvest. Acreage increased in several countries of South America. Colombia and Venezuela, where most of the rice crop has been harvested, have marked gains in production.

Moderate production increases are in prospect for several principal rice importers. India, Japan, and Indonesia expect record harvests. However, Pakistan and the Philippine Republic report that, because of floods, production will decline and rice imports will be increased in 1963.

### 1962 World Trade in Rice Declines

While data are not yet available for a complete analysis of international trade in rice in calendar 1962, it appears likely that the final figures will show a reduction from the 1961 level. A decline in trade during the first 9 months of 1962 was caused by smaller free-world supplies and a continued reduction in supplies from Communist-dominated sources rather than by a slackening in demand.

Total export availability of both long- and short-grain varieties was less than in 1961, and some of the unfilled demands for these types were supplied by medium-grain varieties. A sharp increase in prices also undoubtedly curtailed rice trade somewhat.

A substantial decline in production was reflected in the lower overall export availability of rice in Egypt, South Vietnam, and Brazil. In South Vietnam, their internal security situation, in addition to a reduced crop, practically cut off all exports from that country.

Exports from Thailand were substantially all long-grain varieties. While exports were about the same as the recent 5-year average, they did not reach the 1961 level.

The Communist areas, principally Mainland China, had continued difficulties meeting their commitments due to lowered domestic production of rice and other foodstuffs. Some of their long-range commitments, such as the trade agreement with Cuba, were filled by shifting rice supplied under contracts with Burma. The decline in world trade was offset to some extent by moderate increases in exports from Burma, the United States, Italy and several less important rice-producing countries.

#### Outlook for World Trade in 1963

World trade in rice in calendar 1963 is likely to rise to the volume of 1961 or even higher. This would result from a more favorable distribution of export availability of varieties among major producing areas of the world. An increase in consumption requirements is likely to offset any increase in production by major exporters. This increase in world trade in 1963 is based on a continuance of fairly stable prices following the trends evidenced in December 1962 and January 1963.

#### January 1, 1963, World Stocks Low

Carryover stocks from crops grown prior to 1962 continued to decline. As in the last two years, exports in calendar 1963 will have to be very largely drawn from current crops (1962 crops). This is evidence that the world rice situation will continue on a fairly even balance, with no buildup of burdensome stocks in sight.

It is likely that world carryover stocks of rice may gradually rise above January 1, 1963 levels with a rise in production. From an overall standpoint, larger stocks should prove desirable. An extremely large portion of the world's rice production depends on surface water from monsoons, rather than irrigation as in the United States. Thus, year to year fluctuations in weather seriously change the pattern of world rice supplies.

### World Prices Show Sharp Upward Trend

The uneven pattern of export supplies in the first half of calendar 1962 brought about a sharp increase in prices of rice moving into international trade under "free," or only partially controlled, commercial arrangements. By contrast, prices for rice under Government to Government contracts continued stable or showed little change. These contracts, used by many Asian exporters, are multi-year trade arrangements and consist primarily of lower grades and qualities. Government sales cover such a large share of world trade, that prices of the relatively small amount of rice moving under commercial transactions are quite sensitive to changes in supply and demand.

Because of reduced supplies from the usual short-grain exporters and only small supplies of this type of rice from Communist-dominated areas, export prices of short grains moved up even more strongly than those of long grains. Since Egypt has been absent from the export market during most of 1962, Italy was the major Mediterranean short-grain supplier and marketed her crop earlier than usual. This permitted her to cut back subsidies substantially as early as April. At the same time, the unresolved question of rice in the Common Market caused some forward buying to hedge against any possible regulations that might be agreed upon and placed in operation at the end of 1962.

Prices began to decline at the end of May. With stock positions fairly adequate, importers began to wait for arrivals of new-crop rice, at expected lower prices, shortly after mid-1962. Anticipation of a record Egyptian rice

harvest in October with forward offerings at substantially lower prices also contributed to the decline in world prices in the second half of 1962. As of January 1, 1963, world prices were about equal to those of a year earlier.

While it is too early to evaluate supply conditions in calendar 1963, it appears unlikely that prices will decline to any extent nor is it likely that the sharp increase of last March through May will occur again. Generally, it looks like a more stable year, price-wise.

### U. S. Exports of Rice in 1961-62

Exports from the United States in the 1961-62 rice-marketing year were maintained at the high levels of the 2 preceding years. The 20.9 million cwt. (milled rice equivalent) exported in 1961-62 were 5.3 million below the record exports in 1956-57. The high level of exports in the past 3 years has been due to increases in dollar sales to Europe and Africa and heavy exports under sales for foreign currencies (Title I, PL 480), principally to Indonesia and India.

One of the most significant features of 1961-62 exports was the rapid rise in shipments to Africa, particularly through commerical transactions. The 4.5 million cwt. shipped in 1961-62 were 1.7 million more than in 1960-61 and 3.0 million more than in 1959-60. Exports to African countries in 1961-62 represented some 22 percent of total U.S. rice exports compared with 13 percent in 1960-61 and only 7 percent in 1959-60.

The increase in exports to Europe was almost as striking. U. S. exports to Europe in 1961-62 were 21 percent of the total compared with 13 percent in 1960-61 and only 11 percent in 1959-60. In the latter year, exports were only 2.3 million cwt., but in 1961-62 they rose to 4.4 million cwt.

### U. S. Export Outlook Favorable

During the first half of 1962-63, cash sales lagged, while at the beginning of the second half they are showing improvement. Thus far in the same period, foreign currency sales (Title I, PL 480) have been steady and an appreciable amount of rice has moved. Credit sales under Title IV of PL 480 have begun to develop and should bring forth expanded commercial sales for dollars in the last half of the marketing year.

The outlook for calendar 1963 appears to be fairly good, with total exports likely above those of 1962. Cash sales are subject to 2 factors: continuation of reasonably competitive prices; and decisions yet to be made by the Common Market.

### The Common Market

During calendar 1962, the Common Market failed to arrive at an agricultural policy for rice.

The 2 rice-producing countries in the Community, France and Italy, strongly advocate a variable levy system sufficiently high to discourage im-

ports of rice from areas outside the Community. In connection with draft regulations considered through 1962, these 2 rice-producing countries generally have been opposed by the 4 nonproducers--Netherlands, Belgium, Luxembourg, and West Germany. The position of West Germany is the best defined of the non-producer group. The German plan, while accepting the now agreed principle of a levy system, proposes that a threshold price for rice be set for the entire Community at about the level of the Italian intervention price. The French intervention price is at a higher level. The fixing of a common threshold price at the Italian level would, in effect, be setting the price at the Main River as a dividing line between French and Italian supplies from south of the Main River and exports from outside countries north of the Main River. This would mean a lower levy against exports than was in effect in 1962 and likely would be opposed by both Italy and France.

One of the main reasons for the producer-country resistance to the German proposal is that it might exert a strong downward pressure on producer prices in both France and Italy. The German position would accept the principle of producer subsidies to be paid by the individual producer Governments where increases in producer's prices were judged necessary.

#### Market Development Work

Considerable progress was made in rice market development work, carried on by the U. S. Rice Export Development Association in cooperation with USDA, in the past year in promoting consumption of rice in a number of countries. The Association, representing the entire rice industry of the United States, was operating in 1962 in the United Kingdom, the Netherlands, Switzerland, Belgium, Luxembourg, Denmark, Sweden, West Germany, and several countries in Africa. During 1963 the work probably will be extended to the Middle East area. The project, one of consumer education in the use of rice, is patterned in many respects on methods and techniques of education practical and successful in the United States in past years. The project has been well received in all areas and shows promise in further developing and expanding consumer interest in rice.

#### International Meetings on Rice

During 1962, the Sixth Session of the Consultative Sub-committee on the Economic Aspects of Rice (FAO) was held in Rangoon, Burma. The Sub-committee expanded long-range studies on rice production, trade, and consumption trends. One recommended proposal was the establishment of an International Rice Year. This would provide an opportunity, for countries interested in promoting the consumption of rice, to build and relate domestic and trade programs to an international atmosphere. Final action has not been taken on this proposal.

The biannual meetings of the Intermational Rice Commission and its Working Party on the Engineering Aspects of Rice Production, Processing, and Storage were also held in 1962.

Table 4 .- Rice, milled: United States exports to specified countries, 1957-61  $\underline{1}/$ 

0 1 2	:	<del></del>	ar beginning Au	~	
destination	: 1957 :	: : 1958	: : 1959	1960 2/	: 1961 2/
	: 1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
	: cwt.	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.
Western Hemisphere:	:				
Canada	293	267	283	233	671
Bahamas	: 11	30	64	71	72
British Honduras	24	25	52	10	314
Cuba	4,246	4,113	3,101	216	
Guatemala	: 68	2 <sup>1</sup> 4 14	11 26	2	3
Jamaica Mexico	• 5 • 3/	·		54	81
Netherlands Antilles	: 3/ : 54	22 63	278 82	189	39
Bolivia	· 24 • 44		02	110 1414	91 62
Chile	: 3/	23	205	209	131
Peru	• 980	5	700	17	33
Venzuela	: 2	67	163	67	64 64
Other countries	: 168	192	4/64	198	144
Total	5,895	4,835	5 <b>,</b> 029		1,425
Surope:	J, 099	4,000	9,029	1,420	1,442)
Belgium-Luxembourg	: 76	315	3141	229	236
Germany, West	: 30	1,116	678	1,011	1,993
Netherlands	: 14	350	575	660	544
Sweden	: 12	3 <sup>1</sup> 4	58	65	59
Switzerland	: 32	26	39	57	76
United Kingdom	: 34	14/4/1	505	567	912
Other countries	: 29	87	71	61	589
Total	227	2,372	2,267	2,683	4,409
Asia:	:				
Ceylon	: 331	1,078	90)1		
India	:		4,413	5 <b>,</b> 543	3,175
Indonesia	<b>:</b> 753	116	3,3 <sup>1</sup> 47	2,677	3,555
Iraq	: 5	214	361	55	661
Israel	: 1	93	94	145	120
Nansei and Nanpo Islands	: 147	199	394	392	611
Pakistan	· 3,453	1,169	173	2 <b>,</b> 850	
Philippines	554	1,140	<u>3</u> /		<u>3</u> /
Saudi Arabia	: 151	114	89	130	349
Other Arabia	: 126	189	142	126	382
Turkey	:	115		228	
Vietnam	:			128	1,026
Other countries	248	6	133	172	581
Total	5 <b>,</b> 769	4,243	10,050	12,446	10,460
Africa:		1.0-	1.1		
Egypt French West Africa	5	489	<del>111</del> 7	17	2
Ghana	•	526	14)4		989
Liberia	3	32	177	704	1,282
Union of South Africa	270	377	422	473	616
Other countries	: 14	50	307	981 624	80 <sup>1</sup> 4 803
Total	11	93	129		
	293	1,567	1 <b>,</b> 526	2,799	4,496
Ceania	52	50	64	69	96
Section 416 donations	: 683	651	1,634	1 <b>,</b> 536	
Destination not specified	: 17	22	7		
World total	12,936	13,740	20,577	20 <b>,</b> 953	20,886

<sup>1/</sup> Includes small quantity of rough rice converted to terms of milled at 65 percent.
2/ Preliminary.
3/ Less than 500 cwt.
4/ Includes 63,000 bags to Argentina.

Bureau of Census, except as noted.

Table 5.- Rice, milled: U. S. exports by type of sale, year beginning July, 1954-61

Year	:	For	:	τ	Jnder	Government	Pr	ograms	:	Total
beginning July	:	dollars	:	For foreign currency	:	Barter	:	Other programs	:	exports
	:	Mil.		Mil.		Mil.		Mil.		Mil.
954 955 956	:	8.7 6.0 5.6		0.2 3.4 18.0		<u>1/</u> .2 .6		0.2 2.8 2.9		9.1 12.4 27.1
957 958 959	:	5.9 7.5 8.0		5.1 3.9 9.9		1/ 2.0 .8		1.1 .9 2.0		12.1 14.3 20.7
960 961 <u>2</u> /	:	7.2 11.2		11.9 8.2		•3		2.1		21.5 20.4

 $<sup>\</sup>frac{1}{2}$  Less than 0.5 million cwt.  $\frac{2}{2}$  Preliminary.

Foreign Agricultural Service.

Table 6.- Rice, milled: U. S. exports under Title I of P.L. 480 (for foreign currency), by country of destination, 1956-61

Country	:		Year begi	inning July		
of destination	: : 1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961 1/
	: 1,000 : cwt.	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.
<b>r</b> gentina	:			60		
olivia	:					61
eylon	:		1,078	904		
ongo	:					272
gypt	:			934		
celand	:		11	6	4	7
ndia	<b>4,</b> 339			3 <b>,</b> 776	6 <b>,</b> 006	3,048
ndonesia	5,924	49	808	3,278	2,677	3 <b>,</b> 318
srael	:		93	110	108	86
orea	<b>:</b> 2,382	648				
akistan	5,264	3 <b>,</b> 5 <b>7</b> 5	90/+	320	2 <b>,</b> 850	
eru	:	1445	207	485		
hilippines	:	377	551			
yria	:					255
urkey	: 218		115		228	
ietnam	:					919
est Africa, N.C.E.	:					280
Total	: 18,127	5,094	3,767	9 <b>,</b> 873	11,873	8,246

<sup>1/</sup> Preliminary.

Foreign Agricultural Service.

Table 7 .- Rice: Acreage allotments, by States, 1960-63

	: :		A <b>p</b> porti	.onm	ent	
State	1960	:	1961	:	1962 ,	1963
	Acres		Acres		Acres	Acres
Arizona Arkansas California Florida Illinois Louisiana Mississippi Missouri North Carolina Oklahoma South Carolina Tennessee Texas	229 399,012 299,766 957 20 475,008 46,674 4,767 38 149 2,846 517 422,313		229 399,012 299,766 957 20 475,008 46,674 4,767 38 149 2,846 517 422,313		252 438,920 329,748 1,052 22 522,517 51,343 5,244 42 164 3,131 569 464,552	252 439,019 329,822 1,053 22 522,635 51,354 5,245 42 164 3,132 569 464,657
Total apportioned to States	1,652,296	1	,652 <b>,</b> 296		1,817,556	1,817,966
Unapportioned national reserve	300		300		300	200
United States total	1,652,596	1	,652,596		1,817,856	1,818,166

Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, U.S.D.A.

Table 8.- Rice: Acreage and production, by States, 1961-62

	:	Acre	age		: Prod	duction
State	: Pla	anted :	Harv	ested	:	
5000	1961	1962 1/	1961	1962 1/	: 1961 :	: 1962 <u>1</u> /
	: 1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
	: acres	acres	acres	acres	cwt.	cwt.
lissouri	. 4	4.7	3.9	4.6	129	161
Mississippi	<b>:</b> 45	50	11,11	49	1,452	1,568
rkansas	: 391	430	384	422	13,440	15,930
ouisiana	: 465	512	458	508	13,396	15,494
l'exas	: 421	463	409	458	11,861	15,801
alifornia	: 292	325	290	323	13,920	15,504
Minor States 2/	:	1.3	.8	1.1	23	26
United States	: : 1,618.9	1,786.0	1,589.7	1,765.7	54,221	64,484

<sup>1/</sup> Preliminary.
2/ Minor States include Arizona, Florida, Illinois, North Carolina, South Carolina, Oklahoma and Tennessee. Acreage and production in minor States are not included in the estimates by the Crop Reporting Board.

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Table 9 .-Rice, rough: Acreage, yield and production, Southern States, California and United States, 1939-62

	:	He	rvested acreas	ge	Average y	ield per harves	sted acre	:	Production	
Crop year		outhern tates 1/	:California	United States	Southern States 1/	: California :	United States	Southern States 1/	: California :	United States
	:	1,000 acres	1,000 acres	1,000 acres	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.	1,000 cwt.
1939	:	926	120	1,046	2,191	3,375	2,327	20,289	4,050	24,339
1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949		952 1,062 1,251 1,249 1,241 1,266 1,323 1,454 1,551	118 153 207 224 240 235 261 256 256 305	1,070 1,215 1,458 1,473 1,481 1,501 1,584 1,710 1,807 1,859	2,128 1,819 1,872 1,820 1,953 1,932 1,861 1,872 2,030 1,967	3,600 2,475 2,745 2,925 2,812 2,665 3,032 3,139 2,669 3,350	2,290 1,902 1,996 1,988 2,093 2,047 2,054 2,062 2,121 2,194	20,256 19,321 23,419 22,735 24,242 24,456 24,622 27,218 31,488 30,569	4,248 3,787 5,682 6,552 6,750 6,262 7,913 8,035 6,832 10,218	24,504 23,108 29,101 29,287 30,992 30,718 32,535 35,253 38,320 40,787
1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1956 1957 1958 1959		1,401 1,673 1,666 1,740 2,078 1,501 1,285 1,115 1,166 1,302	238 324 337 425 477 329 286 226 249 285	1,639 1,997 2,003 2,165 2,555 1,830 1,571 1,341 1,415	2,182 2,118 2,195 2,333 2,507 2,973 2,918 2,981 2,890 3,104	3,475 3,300 3,475 2,900 2,550 3,450 4,200 4,300 4,450 4,650	2,370 2,310 2,411 2,445 2,515 3,058 3,151 3,203 3,164 3,382	30,570 35,430 36,567 40,599 52,090 44,619 37,491 33,236 33,695 40,417	8,270 10,692 11,711 12,325 12,164 11,350 12,012 9,718 11,080 13,252	38,840 46,122 48,278 52,924 64,254 55,969 49,503 42,954 44,775 53,669
1960 1961 1962 <u>2</u> /		1,308 1,300 1,443	288 290 323	1,596 1,590 1,766	3,125 3,101 3,395	4,775 4,800 4,800	3,422 3,411 3,652	40,871 40,301 48,980	13,752 13,920 15,504	54,623 54,221 64,484

:
1/ Southern States consist of Texas, Louisiana and Arkansas, and beginning in 1949, Mississippi and Missouri.
Includes acreage and production in minor States, in thousand acres and thousand cut. (in parentheses) as follows:
1 (11) in 1939, 1 (9) in 1940, 1 (13) in 1941, 1 (19) in 1942, 1 (23) in 1943, 1 (18) in 1944, 2 (50) in 1945,
2 (38) in 1946, 2 (36) in 1947, 3 (45) in 1948, 1 (18) in 1949, 2 (20) in 1950, 1 (33) in 1951, 6 (85) in 1952,
6 (90) in 1953, 5 (61) in 1954, 3 (67) in 1955, 2 (44) in 1956, 1 (19) in 1957, 1 (15) in 1958, 1 (22) in 1959,
1 (32) in 1960, 1 (23) in 1961 and 1 (26) in 1962. 2/ Preliminary.

Table 10.- Rice, milled equivalent: Total and per capita consumption, Continental U.S., 1909-61

Year	:	Consur	mption	::	Year	:	Cons	ump	tion	::	Year	:	Con	sumption
beginning August	:	Total 1/	: Per : capita 2/	- ::	beginning August	:	Total 1/	:	Per capita 2/	- ::	beginning August	:	Total 1/	: Per : capita 2/
	:	Mil. lb.	Lb.	::		:	Mil. 1b.		Lb.	::		:	Mil. lb.	Lb.
	:			::		:				::		:		
1909	:	764	8.3	::	1927	:	737		6.2	::	1944	:	632	4.9
1910	:	588	6.3	::	1928	:	702		5.8	::	1945	:	539	4.0
1911	:	570	6.0	::	1929	:	649		5.3	::	1946	:	660	4.7
1912	:	645	6.7	::		:				::	1947	:	706	4.9
1913	:	690	7.0	::	1930	:	715		5.8	::	1948	:	732	5.0
1914	:	702	7.0	::	1931	:	662		5.3	::	1949	:	762	5.1
1915	:	701	6.9	::	1932	:	762		6.1	::		:		
1916	:	961	9.4	::	1933	:	553		4.4	::	1950	:	874	5.8
1917	:	1,060	10.2	::	1934	:	729		5.7	::	1951	:	806	5.3
1918	:	1,084	10.3	::	1935	:	681		5.3	::	1952	:	833	5.4
1919	:	655	6.2	::	1936	:	783		6.1	::	1953	:	837	5.3
	:			::	1937	:	783		6.1	::	1954	:	885	5.5
1920	:	748	7.0	::	1938	:	734		5.6	::	1955	:	957	5.8
1921	:	502	4.6	::	1939	:	778		5.9	::	1956	:	970	5.8
1922	:	585	5.2	::	-/3/	:				::	1957	:	963	5.7
1923	:	589	5.2	::.	1940	:	773		5.9	::	1958	:	898	5.2
1924		619	5.4	::	1941	:	703		5.3	::	1959	:	1,035	5.9
1925		606	5.2	::	1942		734		5.7	::		:	,	
1926		667	5.6	::	1943		694		5.4	::	1960	:	1,055	5-9
-/		201	,	::	-, , ,		-,.			::	1961 3/	:	1,125	6.2

1/ Total consumption in Continental U.S. is calculated by adding the beginning stocks at mills to mill production and imports, minus the following: Ending stocks at mills, exports, brewers' use, feed use, shipments to U.S. Territories and food use by the military forces at home and abroad. 2/ Per capita figures are obtained by dividing total consumption by the series on population eating from civilian supplies, unadjusted for underenumeration. 3/ Preliminary.

Table 11.- Rice, milled equivalent: Imports into principal importing countries, calendar years, average 1951-55, annual 1956-61

Country	Average 1951–55	1956	1957	1958	1959	/1 0961	1961 1/
	Million : pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds
Ceylon Hong Kong India India Indonesia Japan Korea Malaya Pakistan Philippine Republic Arabian Peninsula Cuba Belgium-Luxembourg France Germany, West Netherlands United Kingdom Senegal-Sudan-Mauritania	1, 2, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4,	1, 083 613 90, 1, 682 1, 632 972 1, 633 1, 6	1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1	1 20 4 1 1 2 8 8 1 1 2 8 8 1 1 1 2 8 8 1 1 1 1	1,286 698 698 1,002 1,000 1,00	1,164 1,568 1,568 1,49 1,49 1,49 1,49 1,49 1,49 1,49 1,49	1,034 868 884 884 2766 1,420 1,139 1,139 1,139 1,139 1,139 1,139 1,139 1,139 1,139 1,139 1,139 1,139 1,139 1,148 1
Other Countries	1,810	4,072	3,455	3,617	4,882	4,839	3,404
World total	10,822	14,320	13,837	14,354	016,41	15,376	13,368

1/ Preliminary.

Foreign Agricultural Service.

Table 12.- Rice, milled equivalent: Exports from principal world areas, calendar years, average 1951-55, annual 1956-61

Country of origin	Average 1951 <del>-</del> 55	:	1957			1960 <u>1</u> /	1961 <u>1</u> /
	Million	Million	Million	Mill <b>i</b> on	Million	Million	: Million
	pounds	pounds	pounds	pounds	pounds	pounds	pounds
Asia:							
Burma	2 <b>,</b> 910	4,111	3,865	3,109	3,740	3,857	3 <b>,</b> 623
Cambodia Communist China 2/	225	109	429	465	428	783	521
Communist China 2/ 3 Pakistan	630 291	2,300 131	1,085 5	2,77½ 4	3,750 183	2,804 145	850 261
Taiwan	210	190	319	431	353	77	143
Thailand	3,042	2,805	3,474	2,513	2,428	2 <b>,</b> 652	3 <b>,</b> 455
Vietnam :	336 175	<u>3/</u> 86	<sup>1</sup> 405 300	248 240	542 2 <b>17</b>	750 415	337
Total	7.819	9,732	9,882	9,784	11.641	11,483	51 9,241
Western Hemisphere: United States	1,389	2,148	1,731	1,305	1,554	2,198	1,841
Argentina	31	69	39	73	15	10	16
Brazil	: 151	2214	1	1,14	22	1	332
British Guiana : Ecuador :	: 84 : 60	93 26	85 84	40 57	126 37	142 59	195 54
Uruguay	27	84	18	21	ار 2	13	45
Other countries	77	37	14.14	52	69	48	111
Total	1,819	2 <b>,</b> 681	2,002	1,662	1 <b>,</b> 825	2,471	2,594
Europe:							
Italy	: 493	771	316	14014	341	289	480
Spain :	, , ,	201	141	214	62	64	205
Portugal Other countries	15 61	28 92	<u>3/</u> 130	25 <b>1</b> 62	3/ 1 <del>0</del> 8	3/ <del>9</del> 6	3/ 41
Total	667	1,092	587	805	511	449	726
Africa:							
Malagasay Republic	65	80	46	128	65	52	55
U. A. R.: Egypt	: 249	487	652	852	108	669	503
Other countries :	38	53	<i>i</i> t/t	31	26	34	21
Total	<b>3</b> 52	620	742	1,011	199	755	579
Australia	71	714	67	94	114_	154	157
World total	10,728	14,199	13,280	13,356	1,290	15,312	13,297

Foreign Agricultural Service.

 $<sup>\</sup>frac{1}{2}$ / Preliminary.  $\frac{1}{2}$ / From returns of importing countries.  $\frac{3}{2}$ / Less than 500,000 pounds.

Table 13 .- Rice, rough: Acreage, yield per acre, and production in specified countries, average 1955-56/1959-60, annual 1960-61 and 1962-63  $\underline{1}/$ 

		Acre	306			Yield pe	r acre	••		Production	stion	
	: Average :				Average :			: 0,000	Average:		1061-62	1062-63
Continent and country	1955-56:	1960-61	1961-62:	1962-63 :	1955-56 :	1960-61:	1961-62 : 2/ :	1962-63 : 2/ :	1955-56 : to :	: 19-0961	• ••	1962-63
	1959-60	••	ગ	1	1959-60:				1959-60:	**	••]	
	••	••	••	••		••	••	••	••	••	••	
••	1,000:	1,000:	1,000:	1,000:	••	••	••	••	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
	acres :	acres :	acres:	acres:	Founds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	ن اغ	E	) . E	٠ <u>١</u>
Mouth America:	285 :	352 :	414 \$	358:	1,854:	2,051:	2,283:	2,235:	239.6:	327.5:	428.5:	363.0
MEXICO	1,	1,595 :	1,589:	1,765:	3,189:	3,423:	3,411:	3,644:	2,238.1:	2,476.2:	2,458.4:	2,910.4
Onto Date Date Date Date Date Date Date Date		147 :	. !	. 1	835 :	820 :	:	:	42.4:	56.7:	58.0:	i i
El Calvador	34	27 :	22.	1	1,524:	1,644 :	1,791:	:	23.5:	20.1:	17.9:	!
TO DAT VACOL	3.6	35.	36 :	:	1,513:	1,500:	1,528:	:	21.3:	23.8:	25.0	;
		22	269	:	1,175:	1,453:	1,388:	!	29.3	36.2:	37.2:	1
		219:	248 :	:	1,018:	: 086	982:	:	103.5:	97.3:	110.5:	;
Carlo					1,720:	;	:	1	245.0:	:	:	1
Dominion Dominio	125 :	:		:	1,940:	:	-	1	110.0:	*		-
Total North America	2.861 :	2.978 :	3,063 :	3,171 :	2,418:	2,569:	2,549:	2,732:	3,137.5:	3,469.9:	3,541.4:	3,929.3
	•		••		••	••	••	••	••	••	••	
Automatica:	138 :	115 :	140:	:	2,956:	2,857 :	2,871:	!	185.0:	149.0:	182.3:	;
Argentina		73 .	75	:	1,330 :	1,164:	1,293:	1 1	32.6:	38.6	44.0:	:
• ?	. 402 3	. 007	7 500		1,370 :	1,521	1,411 :	!	4,057.3:	5,313.0:	5,300.0:	;
Brazıl 3/	126.0	. 007,	. 696		1,912 :	2,074:	1,821 :	:	144.0:	216.0:	216.0:	1
•			72 :	75 :	2,130 :	2,500 :	2,540 :	2,499 :	81.2:	108.9:	83.0:	85.0
Chile	100	5,00	186	593	1,653 :	1,726 :	1,531:	1,673:	363.6:	440.0	407.0:	450.0
Colombia					1,226 :	. ;	. :		149.1:	169.2:	180.0:	1
		α.	12 :	:	2,060 :	1,961:	2,758:	1	18.7:	16.0:	15.0:	1
		187 :	198	1	3,575 :	3,791 :	3,889 :	:	270.8:	322.0:	349.0:	1
Feru		75	29	:	2,334 :	2,372 :	2,505 :	:	70.9:	80.7:	71.6:	;
		30.	46 .	;	2,884 :	3,046:	2,909:	:	56.3:	53.9:	60.7	;
			144 :	150 :	1,096	1,284:	1,235:	1,396:	38.8:	60.0	80.7:	95.0
Total South America	8	9,498	9,408 :	9,742:	1,489:	1,617:	1,638:	1,613:	5,468.3:	6,967.3:	6,989.3:	7,127.0
				••	••	••	••	••		••		0
a Contract	: 99	81:	82:	77 :	3,782:	2,815:	3,602:	3,579:	113.4:	103.4:	134.0:	120.0
0.000 to	39 :	35 :	54:	55 :	3,359:	3,420:	3,483 :	3,487 :	59.4:	54.3		97.0
1+3	347 :	318:	305 :	321 :	4,666:	4,310:	4,868:	4,807:	734.4:	621./:	6/3.4	1000
Portugal	91:	91:	91 :	66	3,960:	3,662:	4,215 :	4,125:	163.5:	151.2:	1/4.0:	1/4.0
	164:	149:	153:	154:	5,167:	5,347:	5,548:	5,583:	384.4:	361.4:	382.0	390.0
Total Western Europe	707	674 :	: 689	1007	4,537:	4,226:	4,672:	4,649:	1,455.1:	1,292.0:	1,451.7:	1,476.0
			••	••	••			••	••	••	* 6	
Buloaria	37 :	32 :	32:	:	2,805:	2,756:	2,066:	:	47.1:	40.0:	30.0:	
Human	: 86	: 89	54:	47 :	1,592:	1,453:	1,559:	1,547:	70.8	44.8:	38.2:	33.0
Bumania	47 :	51:	26:	:	1,864:	2,131:	:	••	39.7:	49.3:	 :	
Vilgos lavia	15 :	14:	14:	14:	3,280:	3,450 :	3,086:	3,464:	22.3:	21.9:	19.6	22.0
Total Eastern Europe	204:	172:	133 :	124:	2,009:	2,076:	1,853:	2,080:	185.9:	162.0:	111.8:	11/.0
			••	••	•		••	••	••	••	••	
Total Furone	911 :	846 :	818:	824:	3,971:	3,789 :	4,214:	4,262:	1,641.0:	1,454.0:	1,563.5:	1,593.0
100000000000000000000000000000000000000												

Africa:	: 027		л 7 7		: 737 6	3 820 :	3 330 :	010	1,150.03	: 270.0:	: 844.0:	1,700.0
Morpocco	15 :	12 :		6	3,427 :	3,917 :	4,783 :	3,522 :	23.0:	21.3:	13.0:	14.4
Congo. Republic of the	383:	:	!	:	959 :	. 1			166.6:	55.0:	1	;
Ghana	: 09	. 89	: 89	:	: 066	1,029:	\$ 685		26.9:	31.8:	34.0:	:
Guinea	: 096	:	:	:	: 229	:	:	-	295.0:	319.0:	320.0:	;
Ivory Coast	478 :	:	:	:	581 :		:	:	125.9:	145.0:	:	;
Malagasy Republic	2,031:	1,804:	:	:	1,210:	1,369:	:	:	1,115.1:	1,120.0:	1,200.0:	;
Mali	380	1	:	:	961:		:	!	165.5:	190.0:	:	:
Nigeria	614:	720 :	720 :	-	1,107:	1,103:	1,103:	:	308.4:	360.0:	360.0:	+
Senedal	150:	:	:		: 196	:		:	65.8:	71.0:	80.03	:
Sierra Leone	753 :	820	870:	:	802:	744 :	260 :	: 777	275.0:	287.0:	300.0:	310.0
Tanganyika	165 :	-	-		1,091:	-		-	81.6:	95.0:	80°0:	
Total Africa	7,982:	8,059:	8,272:	8,780:	1,200:	1,247:	1,124:	1,289:	4,344.4:	4,556.9:	4,218.9:	5,134.2
Asia:	••					••	••	••	••	••	••	
Iran	800	774 :	<b>:</b> 008	: 008	1,750:	1,810:	1,588:	1,778:	632.0:	632.0:	576.0:	645.0
Irad	475 :	550 :	:	:	1,099:	1,182:	:	:	237.0:	295.0:	 {	+
Turkev (Europe and Asia)	121:	105:	100:	125 :	2,474:	2,905:	2,979:	3,045:		138.0:	135.0:	173.0
Burma	11,100:	11,550:	11,700:	11,800:	1,387:	1,446:	1,432:	1,457:		7,575.0:	7,600.03	7,800.0
Cambodia	3,080 :	3,341 :	•	•	1,002:	1,019:		:		1,543.7:	1,300.0:	1,650.0
Cevlon	1,018:	1,200:	1,150:	:	1,542:	1,667:	1,696:	:	••	907.0:	885.0:	;
China. Taiwan	1,926:	1,913:	1,944:	:	2,765 :	3,030 :	3,096:	:	2,415.4:		2,730.4:	;
India 3/	80,273 :	82,947 :	83,669	84,000:	1,189:	1,365 :	1,351:	••		•	51,270.3:	51,800.0
Indonesia	17,263:	16,842:	18,300:		1,535 :	1,682:	1,689:	••			14,000.0:	:
Japan 3/	8,081:	8,174:	8,156:	8,117:	4,040:	4,335 :	4,196:	4,415 :	ö		15,523.8:	16,255.0
Korea, South	2,725 :	2,771 :	2,788:		2,450:	2,488:	2,931:	••			3,706.4:	3,400.0
Laos	1,663 :	1,550 :	-		724 :	711:	:	:	546.0:	500.0:		;
Malaya	893 :	949 :	: 086		1,916:	2,268:	2,083:	!	776.2:	975.8:	926.0:	<b>:</b>
Nepal	3,300:	3,500 :	3,450:	:	: 608	857:	841 :	:	••	1,360.0:	1,315.0:	;
Pakistan 3/	22,767 :	24,804:	23,964:	24,000:	1,241:	1,428:	1,484:	1,470:	••	16,067.5: ]	6,131.6:	16,000.0
Philippines	7,158:	7,902:	8,009		1,062:	1,034:	1,076:	•• -	3,447.2:	3,704.7:	3,909.3:	;
Thailand	12,778:	14,030:	13,971:	14,200:	1,209:	1,224:	1,238:	1,240:	7,005.0:	7,789.0:	7,845.0:	8,000.0
Vietnam, South		5,635 :	5,350:			1,952:	1,895:	:	4,100.0:	5,000.0:	4,600.0:	4,900.0
Total Asia, excluding :	••		••		••	••	••	••	••	••	••	
es	: 181,940:	189,815 :	190,492:	191,493:	1,410:	1,549:	1,550:	1,557:1	6,347.7:133	3,327.4:133,921.2	3,921.2: 1	35,235.4
Oceania:		••	••	••	•	••	••	••	••	••	••	!
Australia	20 :	50:	51 :	57 :	4,762:	5,478:	5,863:	2,609 :	108.0:	117.0:	135.6:	145.0
Fiji Islands	35 :				1,534:	:	:	-	24.4:	26.3:	-	-
Total Oceania	: 06	: 06	92:	: 86	3,268:	3,532:	3,918:	3,890:	133.4:	144.2:	163.5:	172.9
	••	••		••	••	••	••	••	••		. (	
World total $\frac{4}{4}$	201,881 :	211,286:	212,145:	214,108:	1,431:	1,564:	1,563:	1,577:1	1,577 :131,072.3:149,919.7:150,397.8: 153,191.8	19,919.7:I	0,397.8: 1	93,191,8

1/ Crops harvested in Northern Hemisphere during the latter part of the year, together with those harvested in Asia from November to May, are combined with crops harvested in Southern Hemisphere countries during the first part of the following year. Harvested acreage is shown unless data for planted acreage only are available. 2/ Freliminary. 3/ Planted acreage. 4/ Excluding Communist Asia (China, North Korea, and North Vietnam) and U.S.S.R.\*Excludes minor States.

Foreign Agricultural Service. Prepared or estimated on the basis of official statistics of foreign governments, other foreign source material, reports of U.S. Agricultural Attaches and Foreign Service Officers, results of office research and related information.

Table 14.- Rice: Average price received by farmers, United States, and average wholesale price at New Orleans and San Francisco, 1949-62

Magnitt   Magn	Year beginning	: August	: September :	October	: November	: December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	Average
## 15   1.5	August	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
					н	Price per 100	pounds rece	ived by farme	rs for roug	h rice 1/				
1,	1949	4.18	3.82	3.98	4.22	4.37	4.41	7. 1. 18. c	4.34	4.30	5.67	4.19 5.41	7,73	4.10
5.32	1951	10.4	4.03	7.66	4.79	18.	5.50	5.22	5.25	5.36	5.47	5.62	5.62	4.82
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	1952	5.32	5.27	5.72	6.10	6.25	6.18	6.63	6.88	6.91	6.91	6.70	5.95	5.87
1, 10   1, 15   1, 1	1953	5.31	4.82	5.37 60	5.26 1.57	7°-34	7.42 L 5.1	7.4 4.4	5.21 1.52	7.01 1.55	4.05	4.17 4.35	# 1.4 70.4	7•19 4.57
	1955	4.19	49.4	77.4	4.77	4.71	7.4	64.4	4 27		4.50	4.00	71.7	4.81
1.66   1.64   1.64   1.65   1.64   1.64   1.64   1.65	1956	4.29	4.56	4.75	4.61	4.65	4.68	4.91	4.98	4.88	4.91	4.91	8:4	7.86
1, 13	1957	14.86	†8 <b>*</b> †	5.01	5.04	14°84	5.01	5.02	5.03	5.14	5.03	5.04	4.92	5.11
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	1958	. 4.83	4.77	4.82	4.74	4.48	4.79	4. 88. 70	4.95	4.79	4.79		5.05	4.4 89.4
	1959	. 4.54	4.52 1.	T + 4	1, °, 1	4.71		4.00 00.00	# u	9.0		. t 18.	4. (I	4.4 7.7.
H + 67		69.4	. 4 16.4	5.19	5.36	5.23	5.31	+.v.	, 80,	5.87	5.72	5.54	5.34	5.14
Note		19.4		5.12	5.15	5.12								5.05
10.15   10.1				Wholes	ale price pe	r 100 pounds	loggged)	milled Zenith	1, U.S. No.	2 at New Or.	leans, f.o.b	. mills 3/		
9.05   8.50   8.50   8.50   9.85   9.95   10.05   10	1949	8.15	1	6.95	7.60	8,00	8.05	8.00	7.8	7.95	8.00	8.00	8,40	7.85
10.45	1950	: 9.05		8.8	8.	9.85	9.95	10.05	10.55	10.50	10.50	10.35	10.40	8.6
1,15	1951	9.10		8.95	9,45	8.6	10.05	10.45	10.50	10.50	10.50	10.50	0.50	9.85
1,45	1972	10.45		10.55	0.35	C/-0T	07.0	07.07	9.25	9.05	8,90	8,60	8.80	9.10
1, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10,	1954	7.45		8,20	9.50	, o	9.5	24.0	9.70	10.70	11.25	11.25	10.75	9.50
## 1 8.30 8.40 8.55 8.50 8.50 8.55 8.80 8.50 8.50 8.5	1955	. 9.30		8.8	9.25	9.25	9.10	8:	8.80	8.75	8.75	0 <del>1</del> .0	8°.40	8,6
## (1.6)	1956	<u>ه</u> ه		φ. 	8.50	5	8. 7. 7. 8.	8.80 75	3,8	8	200	8.5	7.40 7.77	0.70
### 8.56 8.15 8.10 8.15 8.25 8.25 8.25 8.25 8.35 8.35 8.35 8.30 8.40 8.10 8.15 8.25 8.25 8.30 8.45 8.30 8.45 8.30 8.40 8.10 8.10 8.25 8.25 8.30 8.45 8.30 8.40 8.10 8.10 8.25 8.25 8.30 8.45 8.50 8.50 8.50 8.50 8.50 8.50 8.50 8.5	1958 年/	9.75		9.25	9.25	9.25	9.35	9.25	9.10	8.85	9.05	9.25	9.05	9.50
## (1.85)	1959 年/	8.60		8.10	8.15	8.25	8.25	8.25	8.25	8.35	8.35	8.30	8.15	8.25
ar ming cotober: November: December: January: February: March: April: May: June: July: August: July:	1960 4/	7.85		7.65	7.90	8.10	8.25	တ္ပ	8.45	8,50 1,50	800	9.70	8.0	& c
Montesale price per 100 pounds (bagged) of milled California Pearl, U.S. Mo. 1 at San Francisco, docks basis 3/   7.25	1962 4/	. 8 . 8.		8.90	9.00	9.25	55.6	7.13	7.13	7.13	7.13	7.13	200.6	2.50
Malesale price per 100 pounds (bagged) of milled California Pearl, U.S. No. 1 at San Frencisco, docks basis 3/	Year								•					
Wholesale price per 100 pounds (bagged) of milled California Pearl, U.S. No. 1 at San Francisco, docks basis 3/   7.25	beginning	: October			January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	: September	: Average
7.25         7.30         7.50         7.30         7.30         7.30         7.50         7.30         7.50         7.30         7.50         7.30         7.50         7.50         9.40         9.40         9.30         9.30         9.40         9.25         9.75 <th< td=""><td>190000</td><td></td><td></td><td>1 8</td><td>  5</td><td></td><td>ان الاس طار ال</td><td>1 towns Door</td><td>, o</td><td>- + c</td><td>"onotano</td><td>oka boata 3</td><td></td><td></td></th<>	190000			1 8	5		ان الاس طار ال	1 towns Door	, o	- + c	"onotano	oka boata 3		
8.55 8.50 8.50 9.10 9.30 9.40 9.40 9.30 9.30 9.40 9.25 9.75 9.75 9.75 9.75 9.75 9.75 9.75 9.7	olor	7 05	7 20	2	11	7 20	7 30	7 10	7 15	7 10	8 20	8.85	8.55	7.60
8.55         8.50         8.97         9.75 <th< td=""><td>1950</td><td>01.8 101.8</td><td>8.0</td><td>9.10</td><td>9.30</td><td>0.10</td><td>07.6</td><td>3.6</td><td>9.30</td><td>9.30</td><td>9.6</td><td>9.25</td><td>8.95</td><td>9.50</td></th<>	1950	01.8 101.8	8.0	9.10	9.30	0.10	07.6	3.6	9.30	9.30	9.6	9.25	8.95	9.50
9.90         10.05         10.40         10.80         12.25         12.25         12.20         11.80         10.65           9.05         9.00         9.10         9.20         9.40         9.30         9.25         9.25         9.25         9.25         9.25         9.25         9.25         9.25         9.25         9.20         9.20         9.20         9.20         9.25         9.75	1951	: 8.55	8.50	8.95	9.20	9.55	9.70	9.75	9.75	9.75	9.75	9.75	9.80	9.50
9.07         9.00         9.10         9.20         9.40         9.40         9.45 <td< td=""><td>1952</td><td>9.90</td><td>10.05</td><td>10.05</td><td>10.40</td><td>10.80</td><td>12.10</td><td>12.25</td><td>12.25</td><td>12.20</td><td>11.80</td><td>10.65</td><td>9.15</td><td>10.95</td></td<>	1952	9.90	10.05	10.05	10.40	10.80	12.10	12.25	12.25	12.20	11.80	10.65	9.15	10.95
8.50         8.50         8.50         8.30         8.25         8.20         8.15         8.15 <th< td=""><td>1953 1954</td><td>  </td><td>2,00 9,00</td><td>0.00 0.00</td><td>9.00 0.00</td><td>0, x</td><td>o, ∝ 5 G</td><td>y.«</td><td>y 6</td><td>y 60</td><td>7. C.</td><td>200</td><td>8 6</td><td>9.50 .50</td></th<>	1953 1954	  	2,00 9,00	0.00 0.00	9.00 0.00	0, x	o, ∝ 5 G	y.«	y 6	y 60	7. C.	200	8 6	9.50 .50
7.80         7.75         7.75         8.00         8.00         8.15         8.15 <th< td=""><td>1955</td><td>8 20</td><td>8,50</td><td>ω .2 .2 .2</td><td>8.30</td><td>8.25</td><td>8.25</td><td>8.25</td><td>8.25</td><td>8.25</td><td>8.25</td><td>8.20</td><td>8.20</td><td>8,30</td></th<>	1955	8 20	8,50	ω .2 .2 .2	8.30	8.25	8.25	8.25	8.25	8.25	8.25	8.20	8.20	8,30
8.00 8.00 8.00 8.00 8.00 8.00 8.00 8.00	1956	. 7.80	7.75	7.75	7.75	8.00	8.00	8.10	8.10	8.10	8.10	8.10	8.10	8.00
1.50     7.50     8.15	1957	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8,00	8.00	8.00	00.00
3.25 3.25 3.25 3.20 3.00 3.10 3.17 3.15 3.17 3.17 3.17 3.17 3.17 3.17 3.17 3.17	1958	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50 2.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	5.5	7.60	8.15	8.25 8.75	9. 8
9.25 9.25 9.25 9.50 9.50 9.65 9.75 9.75 9.75 9.75 9.75	1960	0.27 27.0	(V. C	0.27 CZ 22	000	0.00	2.0			0.0	0.0		0.0	8 05
. 9.75 9.85 9.75	1961	9.25	9.25	9.55	9.50	9.50	9.65	9.75	9.75	9.75	9.75	9.75	9.75	9.60
		3.75	9.8											

1/ U.S. monthly prices are the result of weighting monthly State prices by production through July 1958. Beginning August 1958, monthly State prices are weighted estimated sales for the month. U.S. marketing-year prices are the result of weighting State season average prices, including an allowance for unredeemed loans, by estimated marketings. 2/Freliminary. 3/ Data from Grain Division, AMS. 4/ Includes Magnolia and Nato; mostly Zenith in 1957-58; mostly Nato in 1958-59 to date.

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: The next issue of The Rice Situation : will be released in January, 1964.

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